

DNN-003-026201

Seat No.

M. Phil. (CBCS) (Sem. II) Examination

April / May - 2015

Mathematics

Topology

Faculty Code: 003

Subject Code: 026201

Time: $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours] [Total Marks: 70]

- Instructions: (1) There are five questions in this paper.
 - (2) Each question carries 14 marks.
 - (3) All questions are compulsory

Q.1 Fill in the blanks: (Each question carries two marks)

- (i) Every Z- ideal is the intersection ofideals.
- (ii) Every free ideal in C (N) contains thefunction of every singleton subset of N.
- (iii) The set $I = \{ f \in C(\mathbb{R}) \mid f(\frac{1}{2}) = 0 \}$ is a ideal in $C(\mathbb{R})$.
- (iv) If I is z ideal that contains a prime ideal in C(X) then I is a..... ideal.
- (v) If I and J are fixed ideals in C(X) then $I \cap J$ is aideal in C(X).
- (vi) If M is a maximal ideal in C (X) then $M \cap C^*(X)$ is aideal in $C^*(X)$.
- (vii) If every maximal ideal in $C^*(X)$ is fixed then X must be aspace.

Q.2 Attempt any two of the following:

- (a) Prove that every ideal in C(X) is fixed if and only if every ideal in $C^*(X)$ is fixed.
- (b) Prove that every fixed maximal ideal in C(X) is of the form $M_p = \{f \in C(X) : f(p) = 0\}$ form some $p \in X$.
- Prove that a free maximal ideal in $C^*(\mathbb{N})$ cannot be the intersection of an (c) ideal in $C(\mathbb{N})$ with $C^*(\mathbb{N})$.
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Q.3	All are compulsory:	
(1)	Prove that a C^* - embedded subset S of X is C - embedded in X if and	7
	only if it is completely separated from every zero set disjoint from it.	
(2)	Prove that any two sets A and B contained in disjoint zero sets of X are	3
	completely separated in X.	
(3)	Give an example of a Z – ideal in $C(\mathbb{R})$ which is contained in a unique	4
	maximal ideal of $C(\mathbb{R})$.	
	OR	
Q.3	All are compulsory:	
(1)	Prove that the following statements are equivalent for the space \mathbb{R} of real	6
	numbers and a subset C of \mathbb{R} .	
(i)	C is C – embedded in \mathbb{R} .	
(ii)	C is a zero set.	
(2)	Suppose X is a dense subspace of T. Prove that X is C^* - embedded in T iff	5
	$\operatorname{Cl}_T Z_1 \cap \operatorname{Cl}_T Z_2 = \emptyset$ for any two disjoint zero sets Z_1 and Z_2 of X .	
(3)	Prove that every ideal in $C(\mathbb{N})$ is a \mathbb{Z} - ideal.	3
Q.4	Attempt any two of the following:	
(1)	Define \overline{Z} for $Z \in Z(X)$. Prove the following:	7
(i)	The family $\{\overline{Z}: Z \in Z(X)\}$ is a base for closed sets for some topology on	
	βX .	
(ii)	$\operatorname{Cl}_{\beta X} Z = \overline{Z}$ for every $Z \in Z(X)$.	
(iii)	$\overline{Z} \cap X = Z$ for every $Z \in Z(X)$.	
(2)	Prove the following:	7
(i)	X is dense in βX .	
(ii)	β X is compact and Hausdorff.	
(3)	Prove that	7
(i)	X is C^* - embedded in βX .	
(ii)	X is disconnected if and only if βX is disconnected.	
Q.5	Do as directed: (Each question carries two marks)	14
(i)	Give an example of a subset of \mathbb{R} which is a zero set in \mathbb{R} (with lower	
	limit topology) such that it is not a zero set in \mathbb{R} (with standard topology)	
(ii)	State if the set of irrational number is a zero set or not.	
(iii)	Give an countable subset of R which is not a zero set.	
(iv)	Determine the smallest zero set in \mathbb{R} containing the set $\mathbb{R} \setminus \mathbb{Q}$.	
(v)	Give an example of a free ideal in $C^*(\mathbb{N})$.	
(vi)	Give two continuous functions f and g defined on R such that	
. ,	$Z(f) = Z(g)$ but $f \neq g$.	
(vii)	The second secon	
. ,	characteristic property of the stone cech compactification of a space X.	